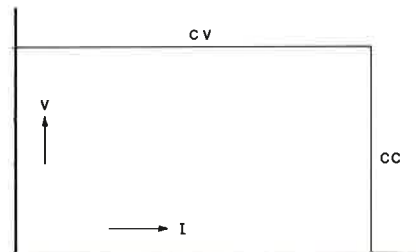




**REGULATED POWER SUPPLY E 030-3**  
 0-30 V, 0-3 A

**DESCRIPTION**

The power supply E 030-3 can be used as a constant voltage source with a limited current or as a constant current source with a limited open voltage. The change of mode occurs sharply at the crossing of the voltage and current settings. A preregulator with silicon controlled rectifiers keeps the rectified voltage in accordance with the output voltage. This means low dissipation in the transistors of the series regulator, so that no blower is needed for cooling. The preregulator causes no interference on the mains. The power supply is protected against any overload condition.



**CONSTANT VOLTAGE OPERATION**

- Voltage control**                      10-turn potentiometer, range 0-30 V, resolution 0.02 %.
- Remote programming**            The voltage can be programmed by an external variable resistor of 0-5000 Ohm. Input on the front panel. Output voltage programming by an external voltage (0-30 V) on request.
- Voltage regulation**                2 mV for a + or - 10 % AC input voltage variation.  
 10 mV for a 100 % load change.
- Temp. coeff.**                         $2 \cdot 10^{-4}$  per °C from maximum output voltage.
- Ripple voltage**                      0.1 mV r.m.s.

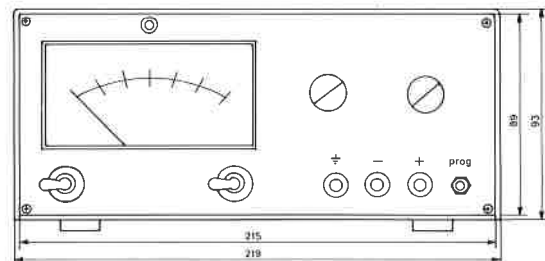
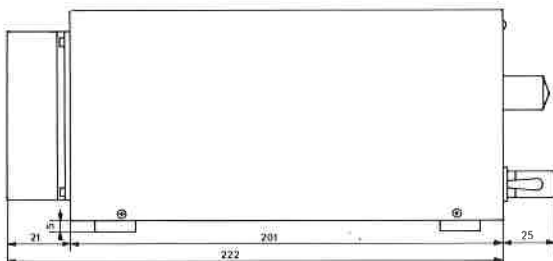
<b>Output impedance</b>	Maximum 4 milli-ohm at DC Maximum 0.1 Ohm up to 100 kHz load frequency.
<b>Recovery time</b>	15 micro seconds for recovery to within 30 mV of steady state voltage after a step load change from 10 % tot 100 %.

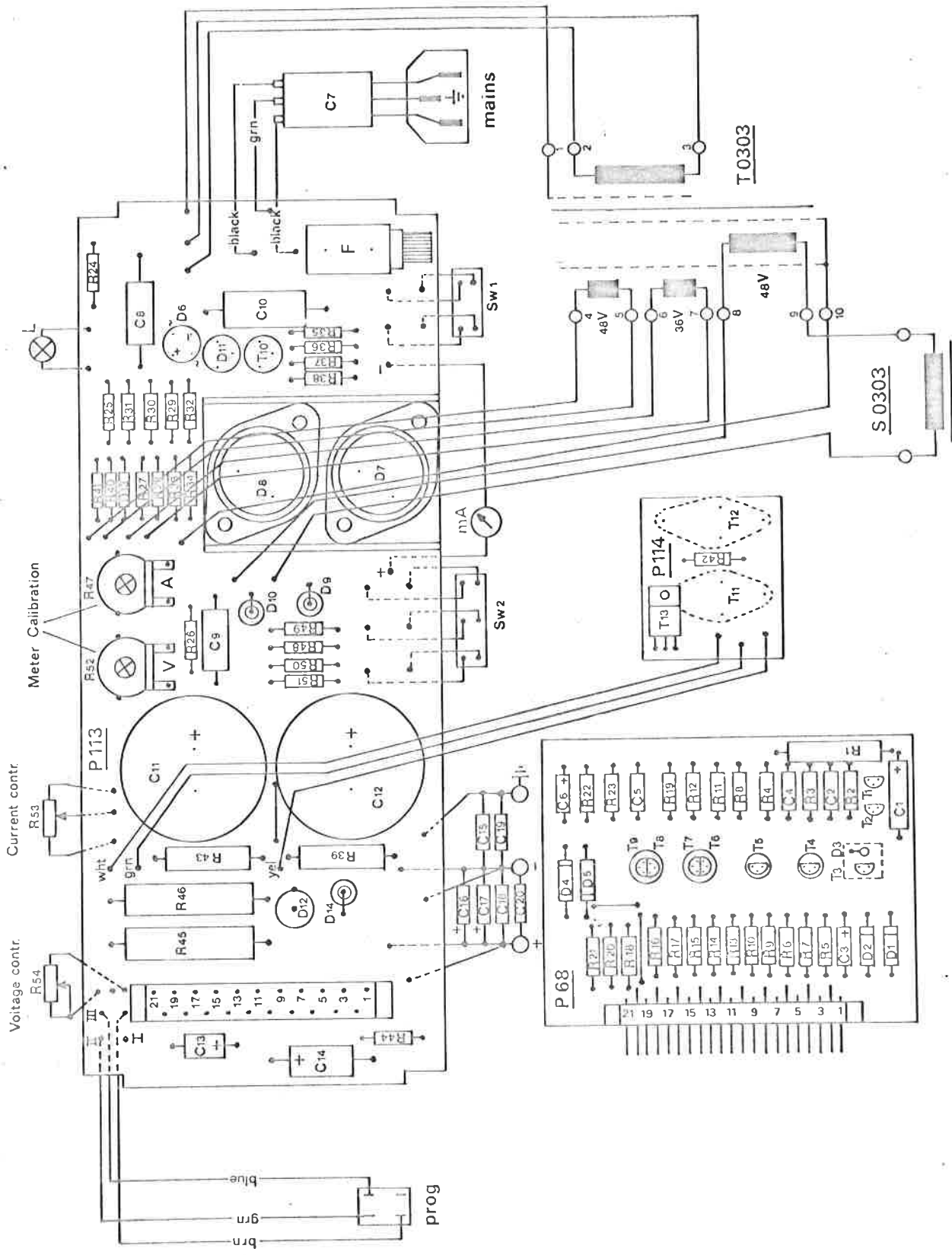
### CONSTANT CURRENT OPERATION

<b>Current control</b>	Single turn potentiometer, range 0-3 A, resolution 0.02 %.
<b>Current regulation</b>	1 mA for a + or - 10 % AC input voltage variation. 5 mA for a maximum output voltage swing.
<b>Temp. coeff.</b>	$5 \cdot 10^{-4}$ per °C from maximum output current.
<b>Ripple current</b>	0.5 mA r.m.s.

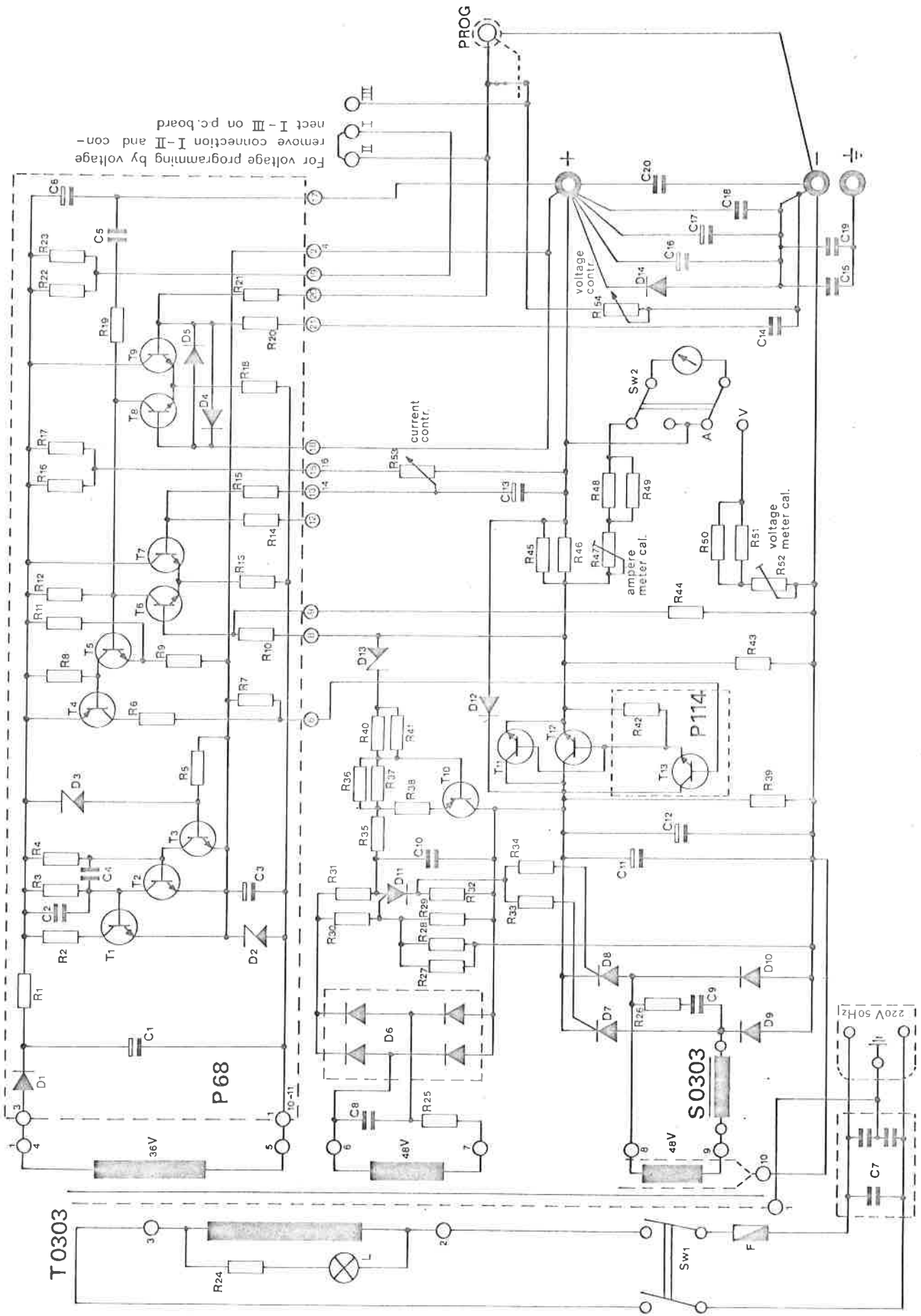
### REMAINING SPECIFICATIONS

<b>Input voltage</b>	220 V, 50 Hz. Other input voltages on request.
<b>Parallel and series connection</b>	Special design enables parallel and series operation without any precaution. Series connection up to 300 V.
<b>Ambient temp.</b>	- 20 to + 45 °C.
<b>Output terminals</b>	On front panel only, isolated from the case. Maximum voltage between output terminals and case 500 V.
<b>Rack mounting</b>	Two uncased units can be mounted side by side and with the addition of two H 6 brackets can be inserted in a 19" rack. For
<b>Cooling</b>	By natural convection cooling. The air must flow freely through the case and the vertical heat sink for effective cooling.
<b>Meter</b>	Meter with selector switch for voltage and current, accuracy 1.5 % f.s.
<b>Finish</b>	Light gray front panel with dark gray case.
<b>Weight and size</b>	5.7 kg, 219 x 93 x 222 mm.





wiring diagram E 030-3



circuit diagram E 030-3

R (Ohm)	
1 = 820	1 W
2 = 150	
3 = 10	k
4 = 10	k
5 = 150	
6 = 33	
7 = 1	k
8 = 2,2	k
9 = 2,2	k
10 = 470	
11 = 2,7	k
12 = 22	k
13 = 6,8	k
14 = 470	
15 = 470	
16 = CR	
17 = 18	k
18 = 6,8	k
19 = 150	
20 = 470	
21 = 470	
22 = CR	
23 = 1,2	k
24 = 560	k
25 = 560	
26 = 330	
27 = 27	k
28 = 12	k
29 = 2,2	k
30 = 2,7	k
31 = 15	k
32 = 47	
33 = 10	
34 = 10	
35 = 3,3	k
36 = 15	k
37 = 100	k
38 = 220	
39 = 2,2	k 1 W
40 = CR	
41 = 220	k
42 = 10	
43 = 1,5	k 1 W
44 = 5,6	M
45 = 1	7 W WW
46 = 1	7 W WW
47 = 1	k 1 turn
48 = 1,5	k
49 = 12	k
50 = 330	k
51 = 33	k
52 = 1	k 1 turn
53 = 5	k 1 turn Colvern
54 = 5	k 10 turn Bourns

F = fuse 2 A delay, 5 x 20 mm

E 030-3 (1-8-1973)

C (microfarad)	
1 = 47	63 V
2 = 0,01	250 V
3 = 22	25 V
4 = 0,01	250 V
5 = 0,047	250 V
6 = 22	25 V
7 = 0,07 + 2 x 2500	pF 250 V
8 = 1	250 V
9 = 0,47	250 V
10 = 0,22	63 V
11 = 2200	63 V
12 = 2200	63 V
13 = 10	35 V
14 = 10	100 V
15 = 0,1	630 V
16 = 100	63 V
17 = 100	63 V
18 = 0,33	100 V
19 = 10	kpF 500 V
20 = 10	kpF 500 V

#### D

1 = 1N 4003	TI
2 = ZY 6,2	ITT
3 = ZY 6,2	ITT
4 = 1N 4148	ITT
5 = 1N 4148	ITT
6 = W01	GI
7 = 2N 3668	RCA
8 = 2N 3668	RCA
9 = 60 S1	IR
10 = 60 S1	IR
11 = D 13 T 1	GE
12 = MR 1031 B	Mot.
13 = ZD 5,1	ITT
14 = 60 S1	IR

#### T

1 = BC 182	TI
2 = BC 182	TI
3 = BC 182	TI
4 = BC 212	TI
5 = BC 182	TI
6 = BC 182	TI
7 = BC 182	TI
8 = BC 182	TI
9 = BC 182	TI
10 = BC 212	TI
11 = 2N 3055	RCA
12 = 2N 3055	RCA
13 = TIP 29 A	TI

WW= wire wound resistor

CR= calibration resistor

All other resistors metalfilm  $\frac{1}{2}$  W 2%

DELTA ELEKTRONIKA BV

# DELTA ELEKTRONIKA BV



P.O. BOX 27  
 4300 AA ZIERIKZEE  
 NETHERLANDS  
 TEL. + 31 1110 13656  
 FAX + 31 1110 16919



## REGULATED POWER SUPPLIES

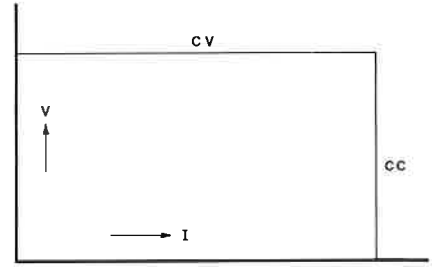
<b>E 015-2</b>	<b>0-15 V</b>	<b>0-2 A</b>
<b>E 030-1</b>	<b>0-30 V</b>	<b>0-1 A</b>
<b>E 030-3</b>	<b>0-30 V</b>	<b>0-3 A</b>
<b>E 060-0.6</b>	<b>0-60 V</b>	<b>0-0.6 A</b>
<b>E 0300-0.1</b>	<b>0-300 V</b>	<b>0-0.1 A</b>
<b>E 018-0.6 D</b>	<b>± 0-18 V</b>	<b>0.6 A</b>

## DESCRIPTION

### E 015-2, E 030-1 and E 060-0.6

These power supplies are of the linear transistor series regulator type. They can be used as a constant voltage source with a sharply limited current, or as a constant current source with a sharply limited open voltage. Both limits are continuously variable from zero to full range. The change of mode occurs at the crossing of the voltage and current settings.

A ten-turn potentiometer is used to provide a high resolution voltage control. For current control a single turn potentiometer (resolution 0,1%) is used to enable an approximate indication of the current setting.



### E 030-3 and E 0300-0.1

These models also have a linear transistor series regulator which however is preceded by an SCR pre-regulator for better efficiency.

This pre-regulator keeps the rectified voltage in accordance with the output voltage to keep dissipation in the power transistors low.

### E 018-0.6 D

This model has been designed to supply plus and minus 15 volts for design work with operational amplifiers. It provides a plus 0 – 18 V and a minus 0 – 18 V which are tracking and can be varied with one ten-turn potentiometer. With the second potentiometer the ratio of the positive and negative voltage can be varied between 1/2 and 2. The positive and negative outputs have coupled overload protection circuits. This means that both output voltages will decrease proportionally if one is overloaded. Also if one output is short circuited, both outputs will drop to zero. The E 018-0.6 D has a fixed constant current overload characteristic. Independent of the ratio setting, the positive and negative output can never exceed a limit of about 18,5 V.

## SPECIFICATIONS

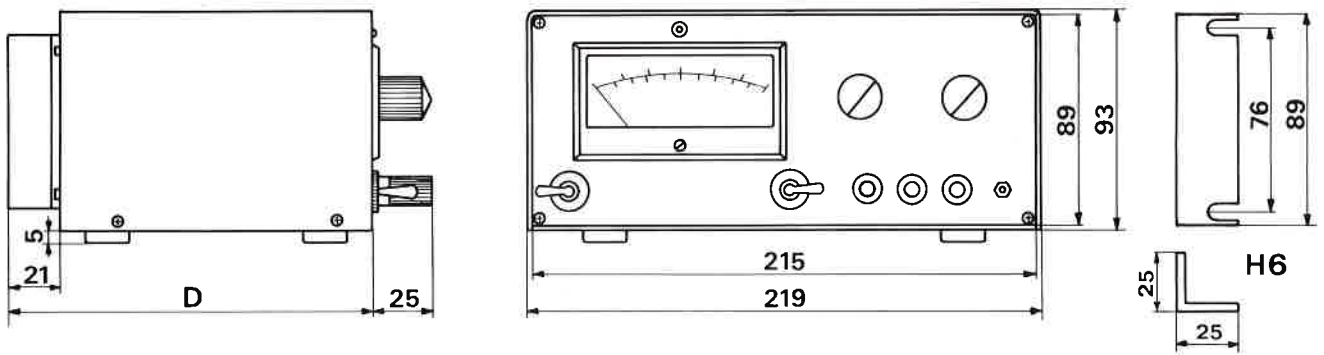
<b>Input voltage</b>	220 V 50 Hz standard. Other input voltages at special order.
<b>Input-output insulation</b>	1500 V AC rms 1 minute (VDE 0550).
<b>Max. voltage between output and case</b>	500 V DC.
<b>Max. ambient temperature</b>	45°C.
<b>Meter</b>	Accuracy 1.5 % of fsd, selector switch for voltage and current measurement.
<b>Parallel and series connection</b>	Units can be connected parallel and in series. Series connection up to 300 V.
<b>Weight and size</b>	2.8 kg 219 x 93 x 154 mm 30 Watts type. 5.7 kg 219 x 93 x 222 mm E 030-3

SPECIFICATIONS	E 015-2	E 030-1	E 030-3	E 060-0.6	E 0300-0.1	E 018-0.6 D
<p><b>CONSTANT VOLTAGE MODE</b></p> <p>Line regulation for 198—242 V variation</p> <p>Load regulation for 0 – 100% variation.</p> <p>Temp. coefficient per °C (% of V max)</p> <p>Drift per 8 hours under constant conditions after 15 minutes warm up</p> <p>Ripple voltage, rms</p> <p>Output impedance at 100 kHz load frequency</p> <p>Recovery time to within 30 mV after a step load change from 10 to 100%</p> <p>Remote programming of output voltage by resistance</p>	<p>1 mV</p> <p>2 mV</p> <p>0.01 %</p> <p>0.1 %</p> <p>0.1 mV</p> <p>100 mΩ</p> <p>15 μS</p> <p>0–5 kΩ</p>	<p>2 mV</p> <p>4 mV</p> <p>0.01 %</p> <p>0.1 %</p> <p>0.1 mV</p> <p>100 mΩ</p> <p>15 μS</p> <p>0–5 kΩ</p>	<p>2 mV</p> <p>4 mV</p> <p>0.01 %</p> <p>0.1 %</p> <p>0.1 mV</p> <p>100 mΩ</p> <p>15 μS</p> <p>0–5 kΩ</p>	<p>4 mV</p> <p>8 mV</p> <p>0.01 %</p> <p>0.1 %</p> <p>0.1 mV</p> <p>100 mΩ</p> <p>15 μS</p> <p>0–10 kΩ</p>	<p>10 mV</p> <p>20 mV</p> <p>0.01 %</p> <p>0.1 %</p> <p>0.5 mV</p> <p>10 Ω</p> <p>30 μS</p> <p>–</p>	<p>5 mV</p> <p>5 mV</p> <p>0.01 %</p> <p>0.1 %</p> <p>0.1 mV</p> <p>100 mΩ</p> <p>15 μS</p> <p>–</p>
<p><b>CONSTANT CURRENT MODE</b></p> <p>Line regulation for 198 – 242 V variation</p> <p>Load regulation for zero to max. load</p> <p>Temp. coefficient per °C (% of I max.)</p> <p>Ripple current rms</p>	<p>0.3 mA</p> <p>2 mA</p> <p>0.05 %</p> <p>0.1 mA</p>	<p>0.3 mA</p> <p>2 mA</p> <p>0.05 %</p> <p>0.1 mA</p>	<p>0.4 mA</p> <p>4 mA</p> <p>0.05 %</p> <p>0.1 mA</p>	<p>0.3 mA</p> <p>2 mA</p> <p>0.05 %</p> <p>0.1 mA</p>	<p>0.03 mA</p> <p>0.5 mA</p> <p>0.05 %</p> <p>0.1 mA</p>	<p>–</p> <p>–</p> <p>–</p> <p>–</p>

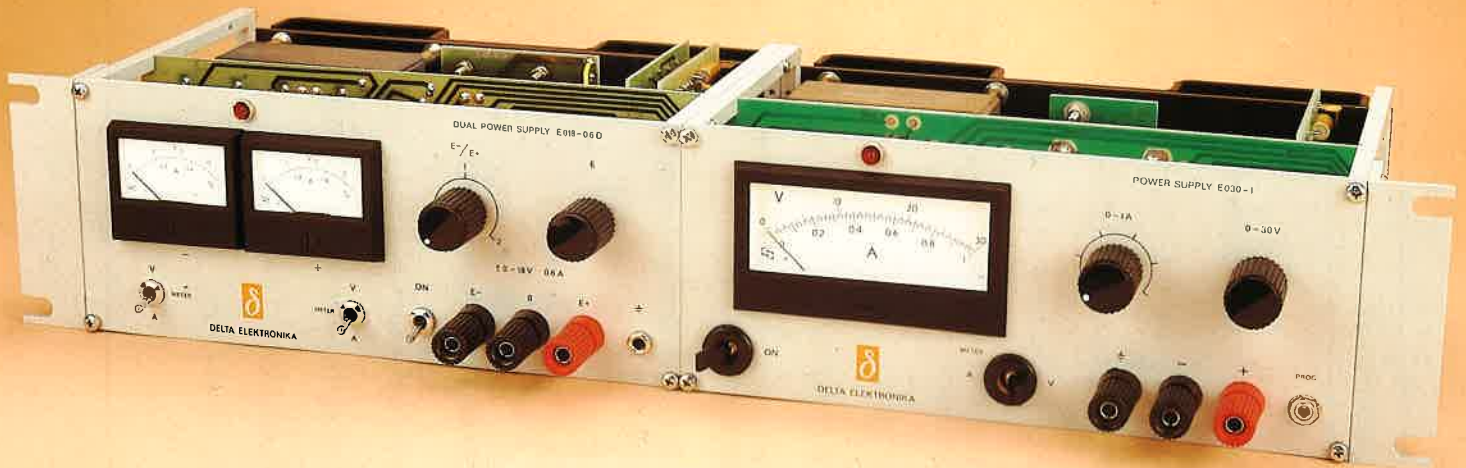




Simple construction and use of high quality components forms unique reliable unit.



For E 030-3 D = 222 mm, for all other models D = 154 mm.



Two uncased units can be mounted side by side, with the addition of two H6 brackets they can be inserted in a 19" rack.

R = Ohm

1 = 680 1W

2 = 270

3 = CR

4 = 470

5 = 3,9 k

6 = 6,8 k

7 = 1,8 k

8 = 1 M

9 = 470

10 = —

11 = 27 k

12 = CR

13 = 470

14 = 47

15 = 470

16 = 470

17 = 15 k

18 = CR

19 = 1,8 k

20 = CR

21 = CR

22 = 3,3 k

23 = 560

24 = 330

25 = 27 k

26 = 12 k

27 = 2,2 k

28 = 2,7 k

29 = 15 k

30 = 47

31 = 10

32 = 10

33 = 3,3 k

34 = 15 k

35 = 100 k

36 = 220

37 = 2,2 k 1W

38 = CR

39 = 270 k

40 = 10

41 = 1,5 k 1W

42 = 5,6 M

43 = 1 7W WW

44 = 1 7W WW

45 = 1 k trim.

46 = 1,5 k

47 = 12 k

48 = 180 k

49 = 33 k

50 = 2 k trim.

51 = 5 k potm.

52 = 5 k 10 turn. potm.

53 = CR

54 = ..CR

T 1 = BC 182 TI

2 = BC 212 TI

3 = 2N3055 RCA

4 = 2N3055 RCA

5 = BD 239 RCA

C = microfarad

1 = 47 63 V

2 = 22 25 V

3 = 0,047 250 V

4 = 2,2 35 V tt

5 = CC

6 = 22 25 V

7 = CC

8 = 1 250 V

9 = 0,47 250 V

10 = 0,22 63 V

11 = 2200 63 V

12 = 2200 63 V

13 = 10 40 V

14 = 10 100 V

15 = 0,1 630 V

16 = —

17 = 220 63 V

18 = 0,33 100 V

19 = 0,01 500 V

20 = 0,01 500 V

21 = 0,07+2x2500 250 V

22 = 0,0001 250 V

23 = 0,0001 250 V

24 = 0,0001 250 V

25 = 0,01 250 V

26 = CC

D 1 = 1N4003 TI

2 = ZY 6,2 ITT

3 = 1N825 ITT

4 = 1N4148 ITT

5 = 1N4148 ITT

6 = 1N4148 ITT

7 = 1N4148 ITT

8 = B125C1000 Herman

9 = 2N3668 RCA

10 = 2N3668 RCA

11 = 60 S 1 IR

12 = 60 S 1 IR

13 = D 13 T 1 GE

14 = 60 S 1 IR

15 = ZD 5,1 ITT

16 = 60 S 1 IR

17 = 1N4148 ITT

18 = 133 HR Sloan

IC1 = SN72741 P TI

IC2 = SN72747 TI

F = Fuse 2 A delay 5 x 20 mm.

CR = Calibration resistor.

CC = Calibration capacitor.

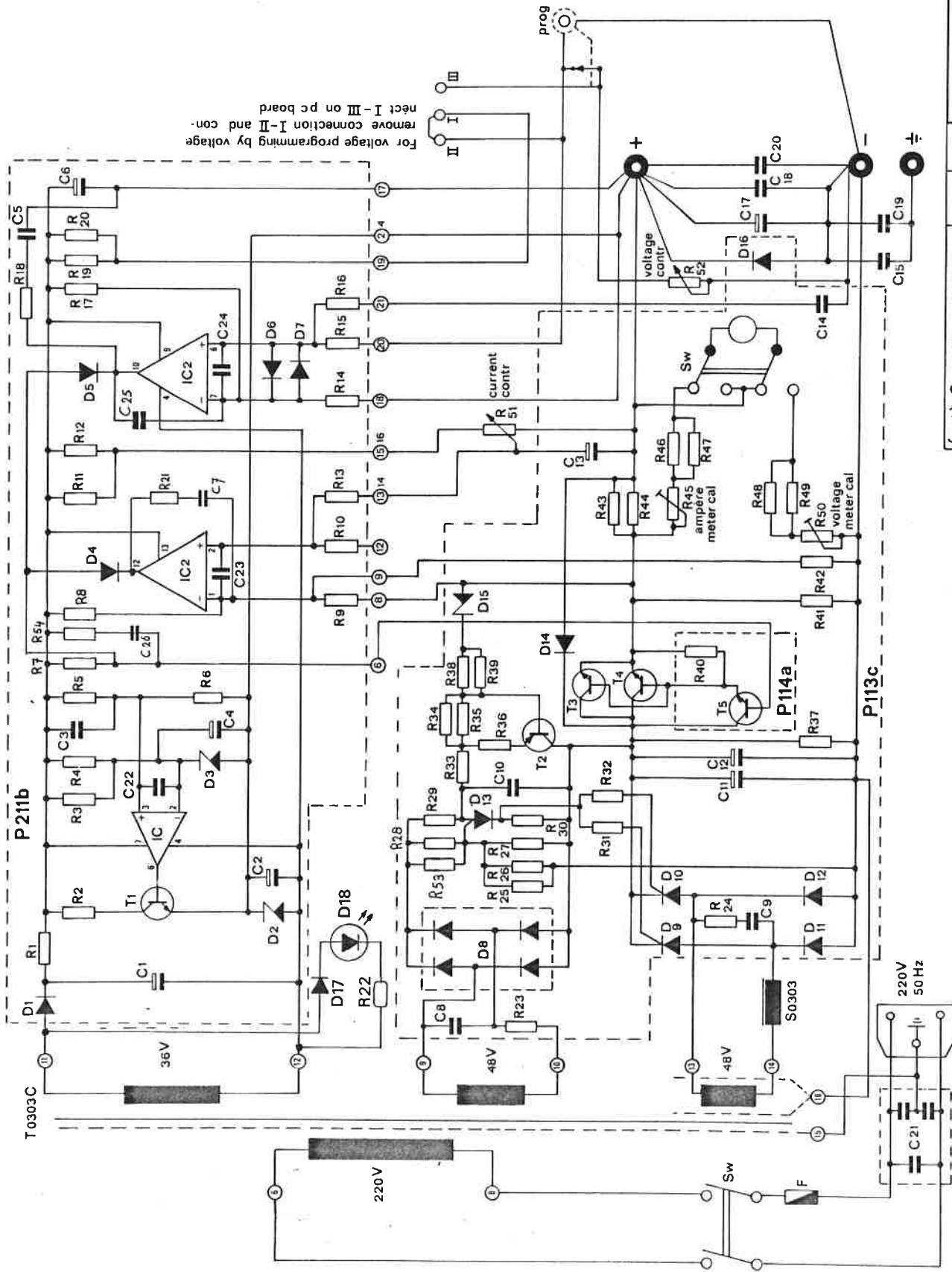
WW = Wire wound resistor.

tt = tantalum

All other resistor 0,4 W 2% metal film.

(Led) R22, D17, D18	2.82	Vr	Title: Part list
C25, R53/P211b, R54, C26	2.82	Vr	E030-3
Serial no 2498 and up.	Apr. '78	Vr	Date: Apr. '78
Modifications	Date	App.	delta elektronika bv

8



For voltage programming by voltage  
 remove connection I-II and con-  
 nect I-III on pc board

Modifications	Date	App
(Led) R22, D17, D18	2-82	Vr
C25, R53/P211b, R54, C26	2-82	Vr
Serial no 2498 and up	Apr. 78	Vr

Title: Circuit diagram  
 E030-3  
 Date: Apr. 78



R = Ohm

- 1 = 680 PR 52
- 2 = 270
- 3 = CR
- 4 = 470
- 5 = 3,9 k
- 6 = 6,8 k
- 7 = 1,8 k
- 8 = 1 M
- 9 = 470
- 10 = -
- 11 = 27 k
- 12 = CR (270 k)
- 13 = 470
- 14 = 47
- 15 = 470
- 16 = 470
- 17 = 15 k
- 18 = CR (100)
- 19 = 1,8 k
- 20 = CR (8,25k)
- 21 = CR (68)
- 22 = 3,9 k
- 23 = 560
- 24 = 330
- 25 = 27 k
- 26 = 12 k
- 27 = 2,2 k
- 28 = 2,7 k
- 29 = 15 k
- 30 = 47
- 31 = 10
- 32 = 10
- 33 = 3,3 k
- 34 = 15 k
- 35 = 100 k
- 36 = 220
- 37 = 2,2 k PR 37
- 38 = CR (267 k)
- 39 = 270 k
- 40 = 10
- 41 = 1,5 k PR 37
- 42 = 5,6 M
- 43 = 1 7W WW 58 ER
- 44 = 1 7W WW 58 ER
- 45 = 1 k trim.
- 46 = 1,5 k
- 47 = 12 k
- 48 = 270 k
- 49 = 33 k
- 50 = 2 k trim.
- 51 = 5 k 1 trn. potm.
- 52 = 5 k 10 trn. potm.
- 53 = CR (47 k)
- 54 = -
- 55 = 2,2 M

C = microfarad

- 1 = 100 63V EB
- 2 = 22 25V EB
- 3 = 0,047 250V MKT1818
- 4 = 2,2 35V TT
- 5 = 0,01 250V MKT1818
- 6 = 22 25V EB
- 7 = 0,047 250V MKT1818
- 8 = 1 250V MKT1822
- 9 = 0,47 100V MKT1822
- 10 = 0,22 630V MKT1813
- 11 = 2200 63V EYV
- 12 = 2200 63V EYV
- 13 = 10 40V EB
- 14 = 10 100V EB
- 15 = 0,1 630V MKT1813
- 16 = -
- 17 = 220 63V EG
- 18 = 0,33 250V MKT1813
- 19 = 0,01 500V GEX
- 20 = 0,01 500V GEX
- 21 = 68 nF+2x2700 pF 250V F1740
- 22 = 0,0001 500V GEB
- 23 = 0,0001 500V GEB
- 24 = 0,0001 500V GEB
- 25 = 0,01 250V MKT1818

D

- 1 = 1N4004G Philips
- 2 = ZPY 6,2 ITT
- 3 = 1N825 ITT
- 4 = 1N4148 ITT
- 5 = 1N4148 ITT
- 6 = 1N4148 ITT
- 7 = 1N4148 ITT
- 8 = KB10B250C1000 Hermann
- 9 = 2N3668 RCA
- 10 = 2N3668 RCA
- 11 = MR 751 Motorola
- 12 = MR 751 Motorola
- 13 = 2N6027 Philips
- 14 = MR 751 Motorola
- 15 = ZPD 5,1 ITT
- 16 = MR 751 Motorola
- 17 = 1N4148 ITT
- 18 = 133 BR Sloan

IC

- 1 = TL 081 IP TI
- 2 = TL 082 IP TI

F = Fuse 2 A delay 5 x 20 mm

CR = Calibration resistor

WW = Wire wound resistor

MRS 25 = metal film 0,4 W 1%

PR 37 = " " 1,6 W 5%

PR 52 = " " 2,5 W 5%

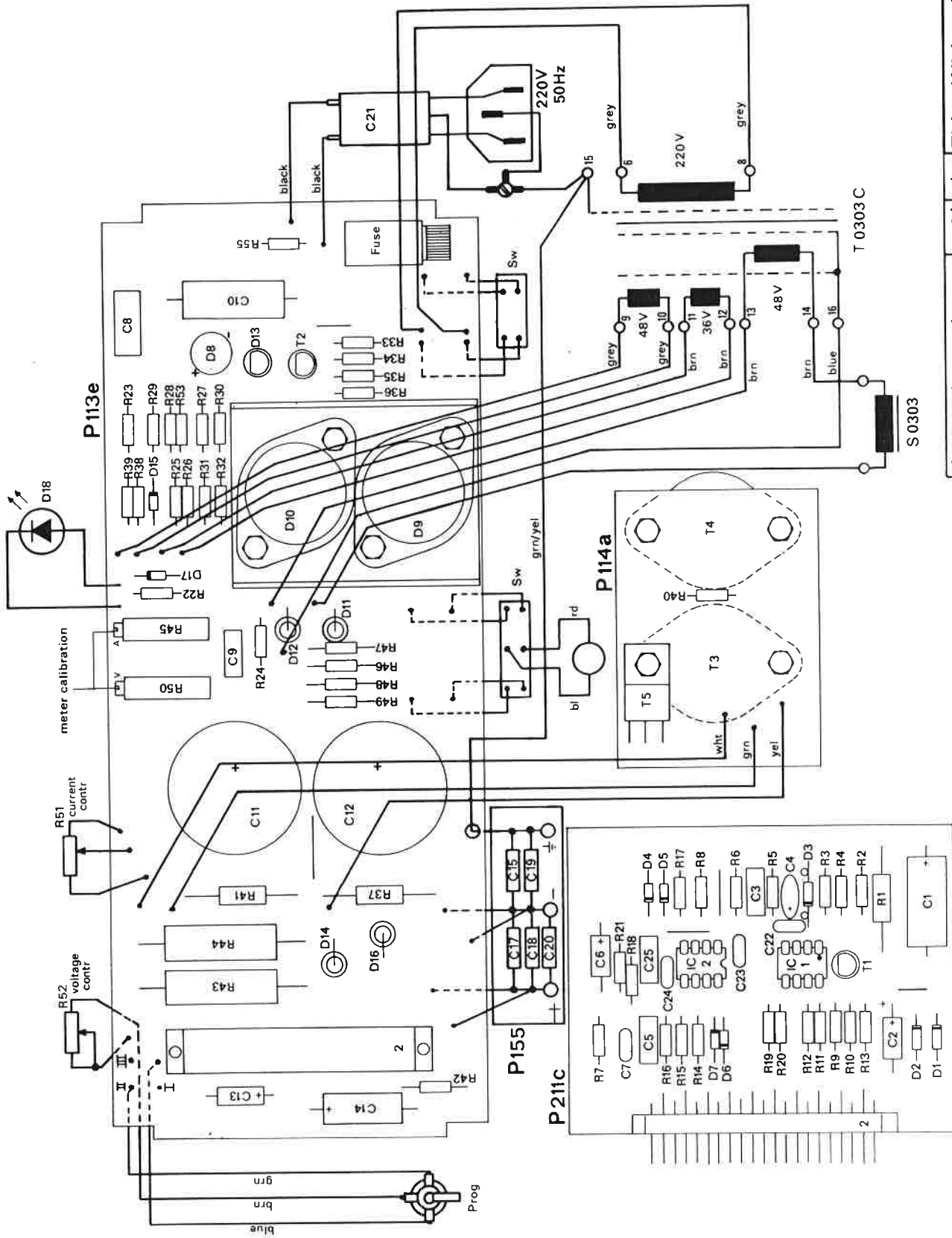
All non specified resistors are of type MRS 25

T

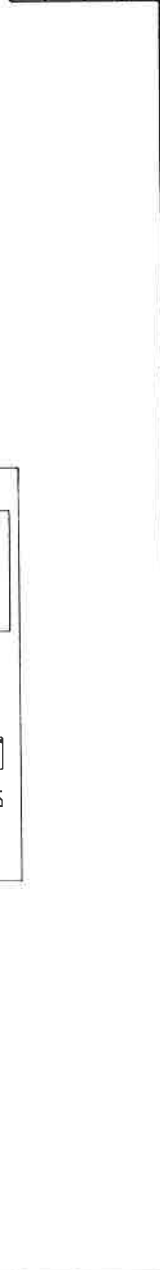
- 1 = BC 546 A Siemens
- 2 = BC 556 A Siemens
- 3 = 2N3055 RCA
- 4 = 2N3055 "
- 5 = BD 239 A "

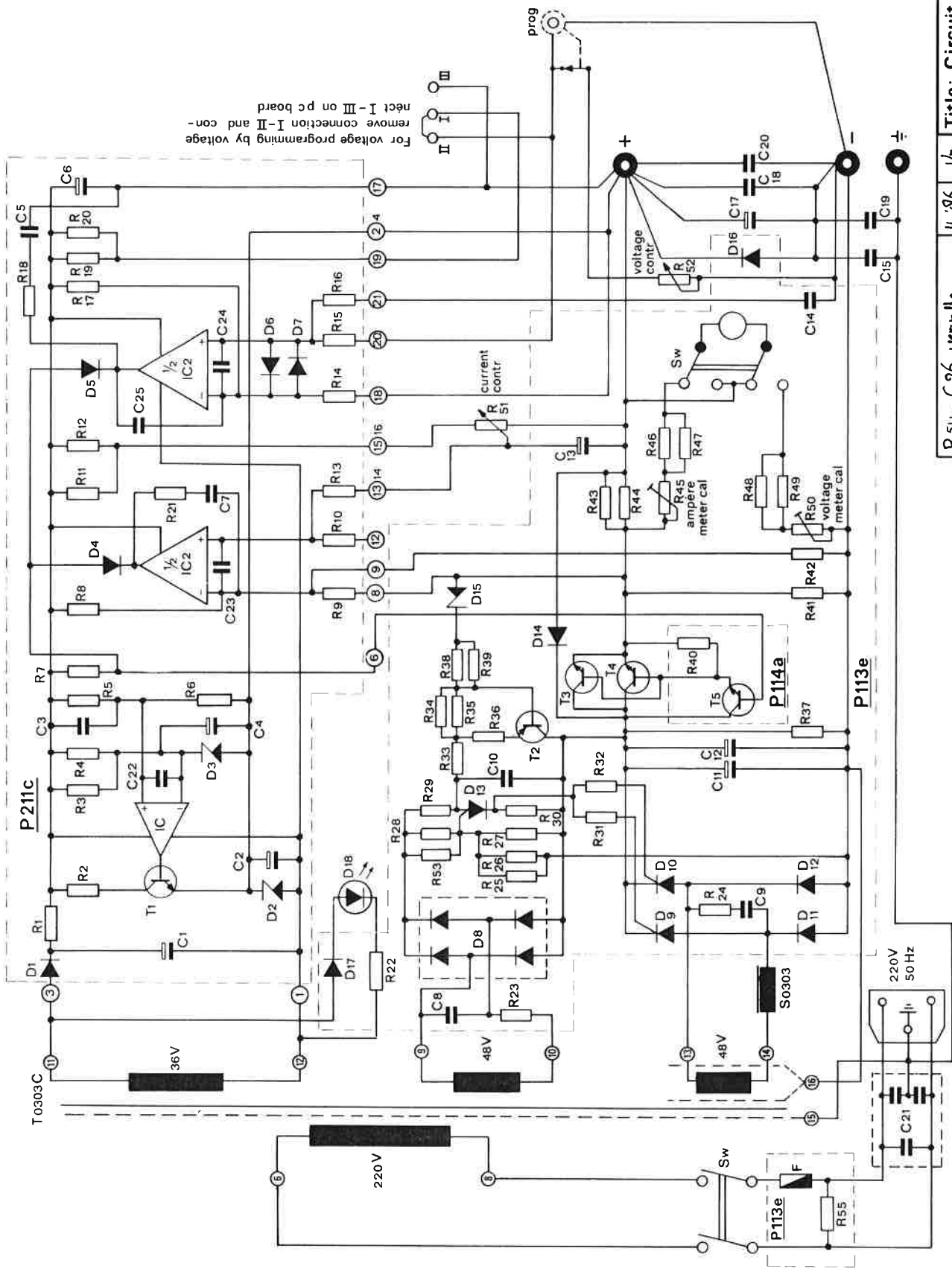
R54, C96 vervallen	11-'86	Vr.	Title: Part list E030-3
C10	7-'88	Vr.	
			Date: 4-'78
Modifications	Date	App.	delta elektronika bv





R54, C26	uvvalden	11-96	U <sub>r</sub>	Title: Wiring diagram
R55	(P113e)	8-86	U <sub>r</sub>	E030-3
JC1,2	(P211c)	2-86	U <sub>r</sub>	Date: 4-78
Modifications		Date	App	delta elektronika bv





For voltage programming by voltage  
remove connection I-II and con-  
nect I-III on pc board

R54, C26 vervallen	11-86	Ur
R55 (P113e)	0-86	Ur
JC1, 2 (P211c)	2-86	Ur
<b>Modifications</b>	<b>Date:</b> 4-'78	<b>App</b>
		<b>delta elektronika bv</b>

Title: Circuit diagram  
E030-3